West Energy Sanitary Sewer Re-Bid

in Columbia, SC State Project # H27-Z185 Prepared For





CA#: 398108-16

June 26, 2016

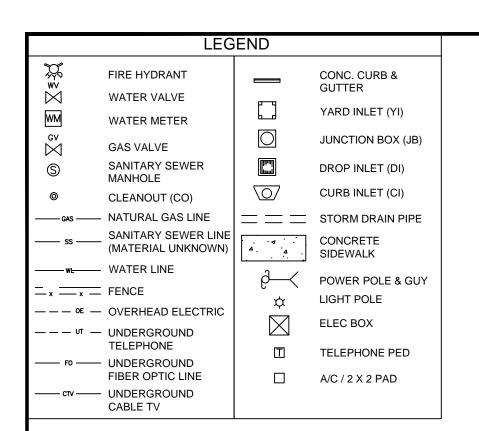


The Owner Is:
University of South Carolina
743 Greene Street
Columbia, SC 29208

Project Manager
Civil and Surveying
Chao & Associates, Inc.
7 Clusters Court
Columbia, SC 29210

Plumbing Engineer Swygert & Associates Ltd 1315 State Street Cayce, SC 29033

DRAWING INDEX	LOCATION MAP						
Civil	COUNTY OF RICHLAND SCALE: NOT TO SCALE	STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA SCALE: 1" = 30 MILES					
Civil c1.0 - Existing Conditions c2.0 - Utility Plan c3.0 - Construction Details Plumbing p1.0 - Floor Plan, Notes and Details	Site Discussion ST	26 85 28 Richland County 35 35 26 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35					

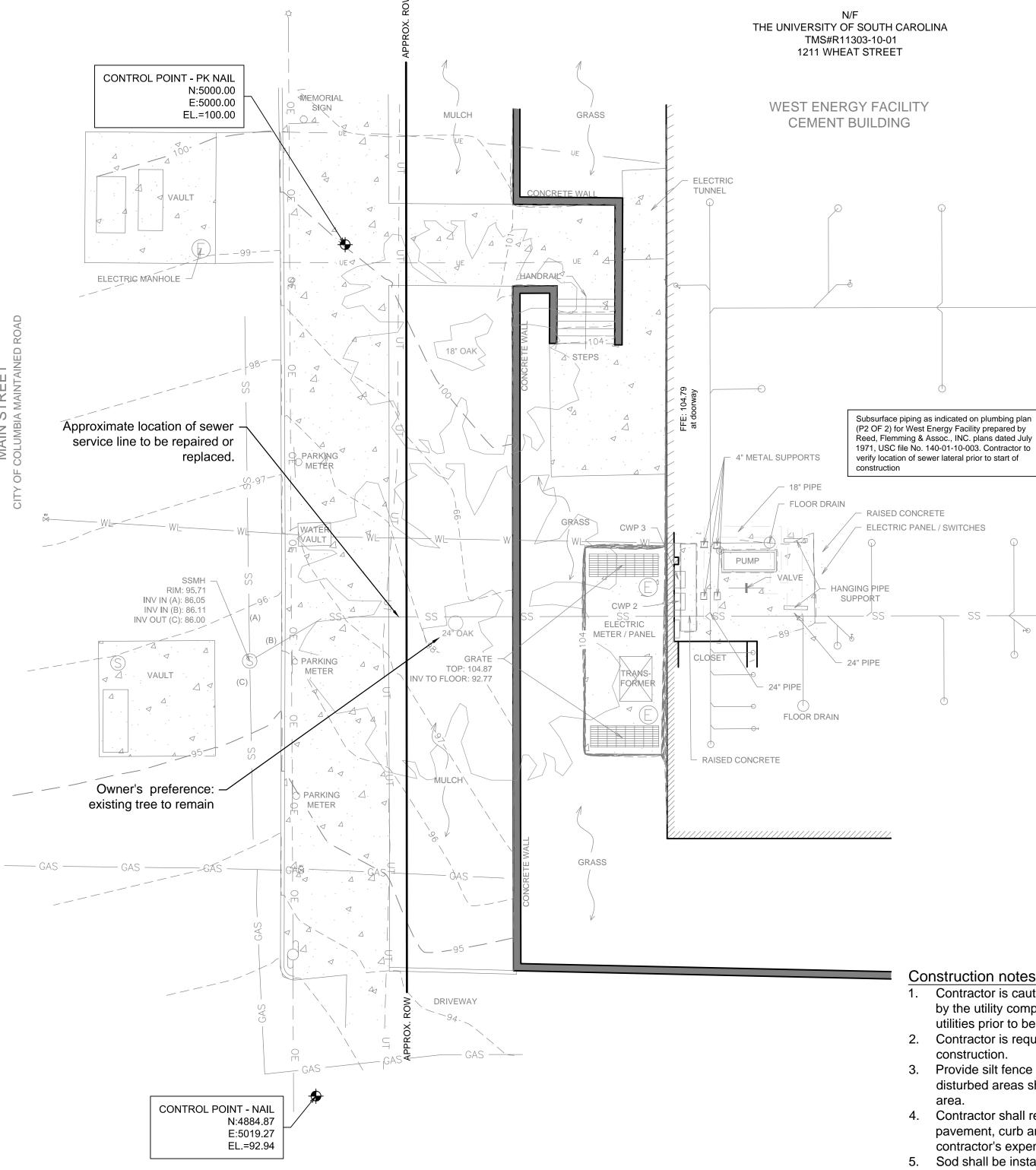




NOT TO SCALE

General Notes:

- 1. The information shown on these plans is a compilation of the existing conditions survey and drawings of the building's plumbing furnished by the owner and is intended to show the obstacles that will be encountered in replacing the existing sanitary sewer service. Additional underground utilities may be present within the designated work area. As is required for all excavation projects contractor shall contact SC-811 to have all utilities marked prior to start of construction.
- 2. Contractor shall abide by all rules and regulations pertaining to worker safety for excavations in confined spaces.
- 3. Excavated areas shall be restored to original elevations and surface treatment after
- 4. This plan is not intended to dictate the contractor's methodology for sewer service replacement. The owner will entertain any replacement methods that are based on sound engineering and construction practice and meets or exceeds the minimum design requirements.



- Contractor is cautioned that the location and/or elevation of existing utilities shown herein are based on records provided by the utility company and information obtained from the field. Contractor shall verify all existing field conditions and utilities prior to beginning work.
- 2. Contractor is required to contact Palmetto Utility Protection Service (811) three days prior to any digging or commencing
- 3. Provide silt fence and other erosion control devices, as may be required, to control soil erosion during construction. All disturbed areas shall be cleaned, graded and stabilized with grassing immediately after completion of construction in the
- 4. Contractor shall repair any damage caused to any existing site features to remain including, but not limited to, buildings, pavement, curb and gutter, storm drains, underground utilities, fencing, etc. in their entirety. Repairs shall be at the
- 5. Sod shall be installed in all areas disturbed by construction that are not intended to be covered by impervious material, unless otherwise indicated.
- 6. If necessary, slopes which exceed four vertical feet or 4:1 slopes should be stabilized with an approved turf reinforcing mat in addition to hydroseeding. It may be necessary to install temporary slope drains during construction. Temporary berms may be needed daily until slope is brought to grade.
- 7. Contractor shall take necessary action to minimize the tracking of mud onto the paved roadway from construction areas. Contractor to daily remove mud/soil from pavement as required.
- 8. All erosion control devices shall be properly maintained during all phases of construction until the completion of all construction activities and all disturbed areas have been stabilized. Additional control devices may be required during construction in order to control erosion and/or offsite sedimentation. All temporary control devices shall be removed once construction is complete and the site is stabilized to the satisfaction of Lexington County.
- 9. Contractor shall abide by all provisions of the City of Columbia storm drainage and erosion control ordinances as well as the South Carolina Sediment Reduction Act.
- 10. All excavation is unclassified. Excess material is to be removed from the site and disposed of in a legal manner.
- 11. All construction staking shall be provided at the contractor's expense.

Sonditions and Isrgy Sanitary Se

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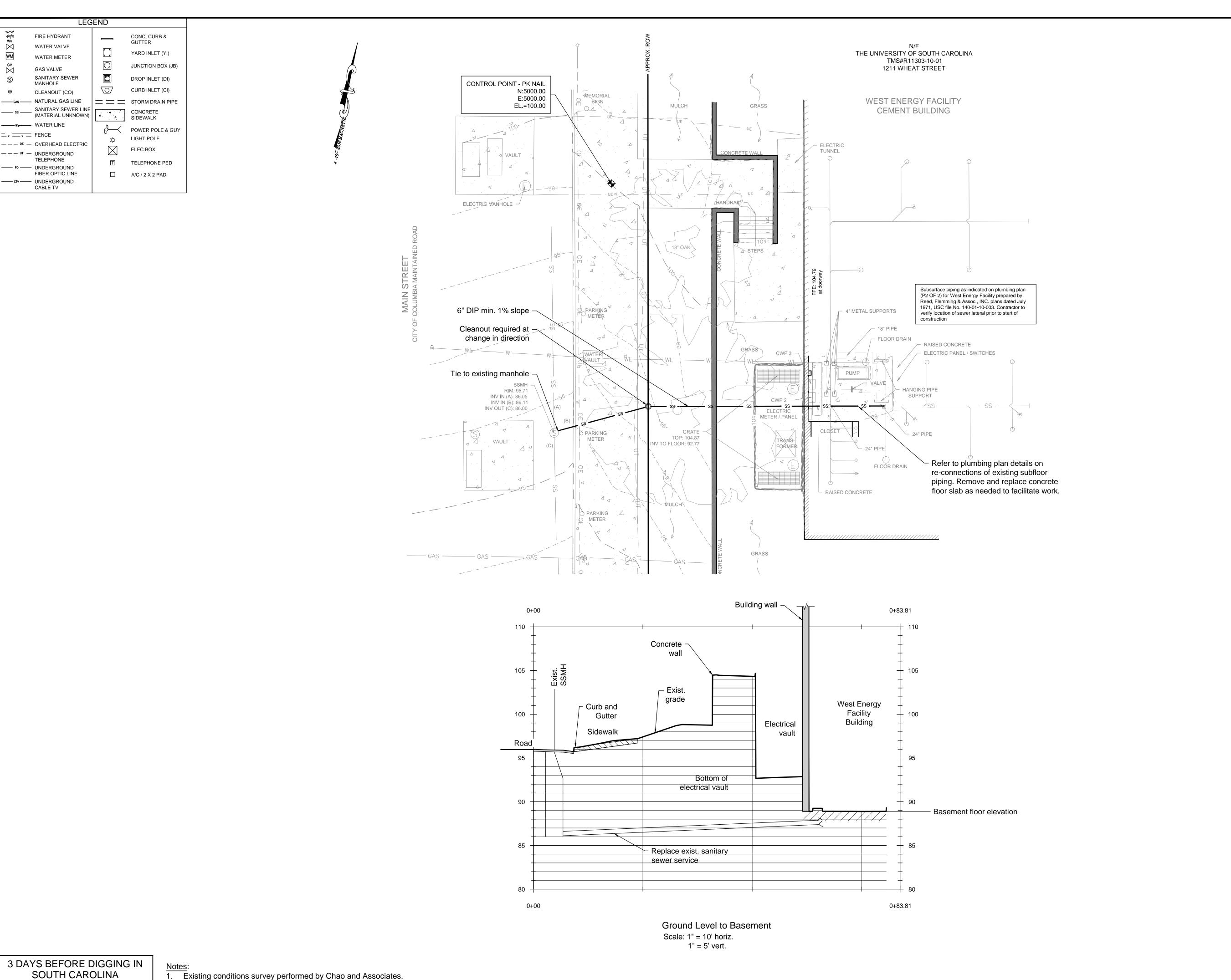
3 DAYS BEFORE DIGGING IN SOUTH CAROLINA Palmetto Utility Protection Service

- 1. Existing conditions survey performed by Chao and Associates.
- 2. Street Right-of-Way and property information taken from Richland County GIS.
- Benchmark is based on assumed datum.

GRAPHIC SCALE

(IN FEET)

1 inch = 10 ft.



∞

LOCATION MAP NOT TO SCALE

Area of disturbance: 0.1 acre

e-B

State

Se

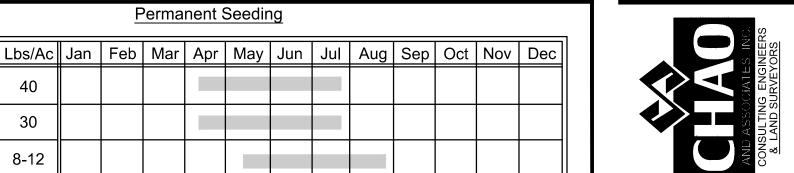
Utility Plan
West Energy Sanitary Sev
Prepared for:
University of South Carolir
Columbia, Richland Count

Sheet Number June 26, 2016

Date

Palmetto Utility Protection Service

- Existing conditions survey performed by Chao and Associates.
 Street Right-of-Way and property information taken from Richland County GIS.
 Benchmark is based on assumed datum.



Associates ∞

Ch

tate Coul of South (Richland

Sheet Number June 26, 2016 Date

STANDARD NOTES

If necessary, slopes, which exceed eight (8) vertical feet should be stabilized with synthetic or vegetative mats, in addition to hydroseeding. It may be necessary to install temporary slope drains during construction. Temporary berms may be needed until the slope is brought to grade.

2. Stabilization measures shall be initiated as soon as practicable in portions of the site where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased, but in no case more than fourteen (14) days after work has ceased, except as stated below.

 Where stabilization by the 14th day is precluded by snow cover or frozen ground conditions stabilization measures must be initiated as soon as practicable.

• Where construction activity on a portion of the Site is temporarily ceased, and earth-disturbing activities will be resumed within 14 days, temporary stabilization measures do not have to be initiated on that portion of the Site.

3. All sediment and erosion control devices shall be inspected once every calendar week. If periodic inspection or other information indicates that a BMP has been inappropriately or incorrectly installed, the Permittee must address the necessary replacement or modification required to correct the BMP within 48 hours of identification. 4. Provide silt fence and/or other control devices, as may be required, to control soil erosion

during utility construction. All disturbed areas shall be cleaned, graded, and stabilized with grassing immediately after the utility installation. Fill, cover, and temporary seeding at the end of each day are recommended. If water is encountered while trenching, the water should be filtered to remove any sediments before being pumped back into any waters of

5. All erosion control devices shall be properly maintained during all phases of construction until the completion of all construction activities and all disturbed areas have been stabilized. Additional control devices may be required during construction in order to control erosion and/or offsite sedimentation. All temporary control devices shall be removed once construction is complete and the site is stabilized.

6. The contractor must take necessary action to minimize the tracking of mud onto paved roadway(s) from construction areas and the generation of dust. The contractor shall daily remove mud/soil from pavement, as may be required.

Residential subdivisions require erosion control features for infrastructure as well as for individual lot construction. Individual property owners shall follow these plans during construction or obtain approval of an individual plan in accordance with S.C Reg. 72-300 et

Temporary diversion berms and/or ditches will be provided as needed during construction to protect work areas from upslope runoff and/or to divert sediment-laden water to appropriate traps or stable outlets.

All waters of the State (WoS), including wetlands, are to be flagged or otherwise clearly marked in the field. A double row of silt fence is to be installed in all areas where a 50-foot buffer can't be maintained between the disturbed area and all WoS. A 10-foot buffer should be maintained between the last row of silt fence and all WoS.

10. Litter, construction debris, oils, fuels, and building products with significant potential for impact (such as stockpiles of freshly treated lumber) and construction chemicals that could be exposed to storm water must be prevented from becoming a pollutant source in storm

11. A copy of the SWPPP, inspections records, and rainfall data must be retained at the construction site or a nearby location easily accessible during normal business hours, from the date of commencement of construction activities to the date that final stabilization is reached.

12. Initiate stabilization measures on any exposed steep slope (3H:1V or greater) where land-disturbing activities have permanently or temporarily ceased, and will not resume for a period of 7 calendar days.

13. Minimize soil compaction and, unless infeasible, preserve topsoil.

14. Minimize the discharge of pollutants from equipment and vehicle washing, wheel wash water, and other wash waters. Wash waters must be treated in a sediment basin or alternative control that provides equivalent or better `treatment prior to discharge;

15. Minimize the discharge of pollutants from dewatering of trenches and excavated areas. These discharges are to be routed through appropriate BMPs (sediment basin, filter bag,

16. The following discharges from sites are prohibited:

 Wastewater from washout of concrete, unless managed by an appropriate control; • Wastewater from washout and cleanout of stucco, paint, form release oils, curing compounds and other construction materials;

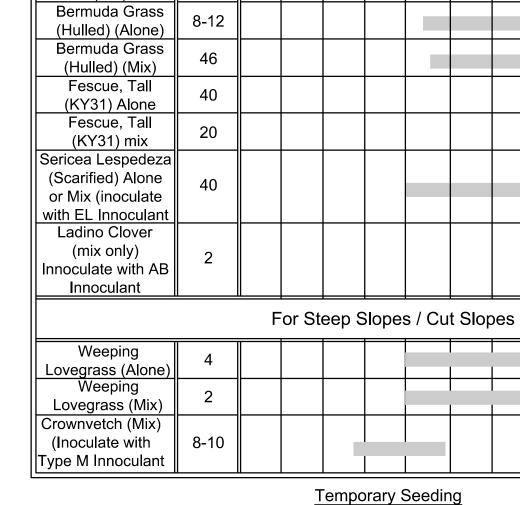
• Fuels, oils, or other pollutants used in vehicle and equipment operation and

Soaps or solvents used in vehicle and equipment washing.

17. After construction activities begin, inspections must be conducted at a minimum of at least once every calendar week and must be conducted until final stabilization is reached on all areas of the construction site.

18. If existing BMPs need to be modified or if additional BMPs are necessary to comply with the requirements of this permit and/or SC's Water Quality Standards, implementation must be completed before the next storm event whenever practicable. If implementation before the next storm event is impracticable, the situation must be documented in the SWPPP and alternative BMPs must be implemented as soon as reasonably possible.

19. A Pre-Construction Conference must be held for each construction site with an approved On-Site SWPPP prior to the implementation of construction activities. For non-linear projects that disturb 10 acres or more this conference must be held on-site unless the Department has approved otherwise.



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Species

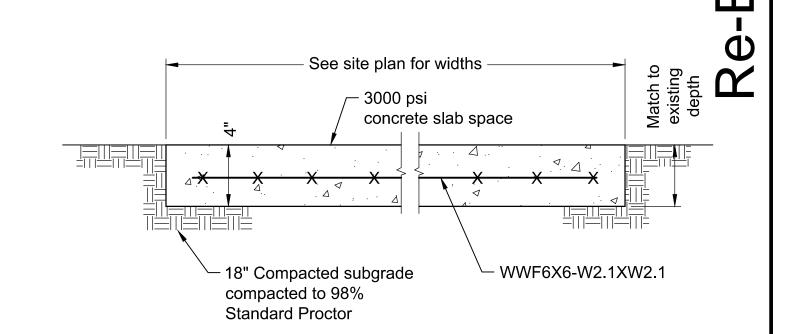
Bahiagrass

(Alone)

Bahiagrass

(Mix)

Species	lbs./ac	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Browntop Millet (Alone)	40												
Browntop Millet (Mix)	10												
Rye Grain (Alone)	56												
Rye Grain (Mix)	10												
Rye Grain (Alone)	50												
Rye Grain (Mix)	8												
			For	Steep	Slop	es / C	ot Slo	pes					
Weeping Lovegrass (Alone)	4												
Weeping Lovegrass (Mix)	2												



Typical Concrete Sidewalk Section Not to scale

SEE SECT. 3.7.3 FOR PIPE OVER 24" DIA. ASS 4583 (COLUMBIA ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

NOT TO SCALE

6" THRUIO

2'-6"

3'-2"

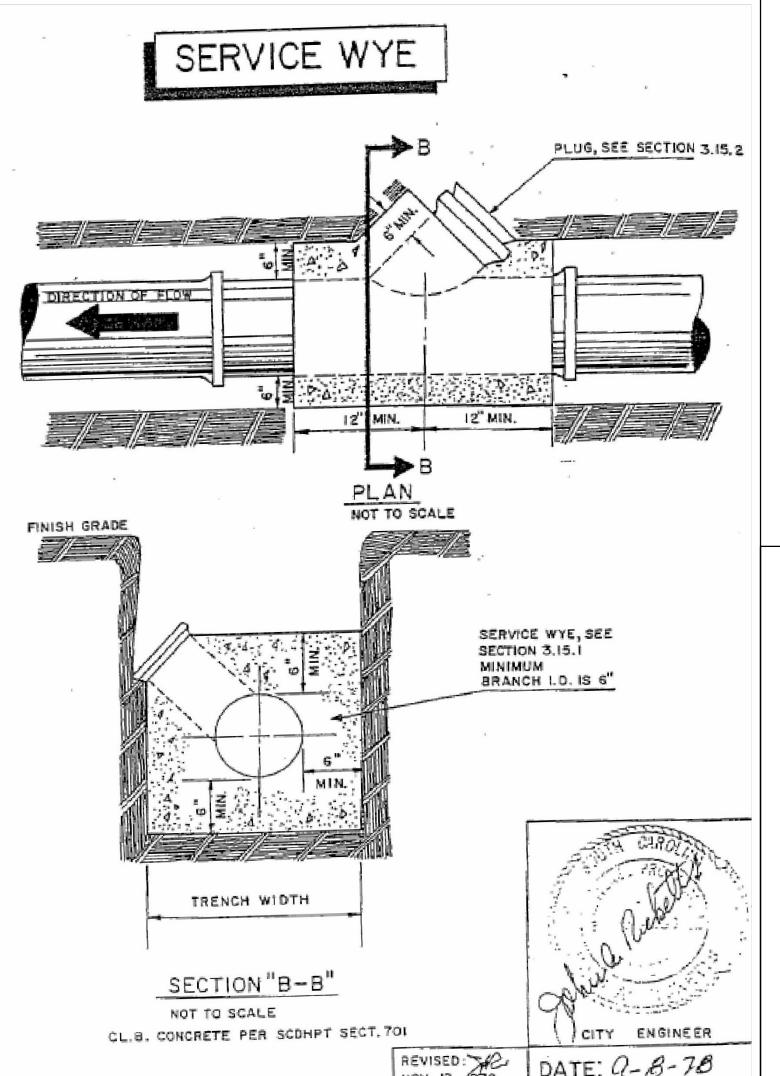
TRENCH WIDTH DIMENSIONS ARE FROM THE INSIDE OF THE

SHEETING AND BRACING AND AT AND BELOW THE TOP OF

PIPE SIZE I.D.

TRENCH WIDTH

TRENCH WIDTH WITH BRACING



STANDARD DITCH BACKFILL DETAIL

TRENCH, WIDTH*

MIN. TRENCH WIDTH

2'-8"

2'-10"

3'-6"

REVISED: 2 - 21 - 94

REVISED: 90

NOV. 2,1979

3'-2"

3'-10"

EXISTING GRADE

TRENCH BACKFILL

SEE SECTION 3.7.17

TAMP IN 6" LAYERS TO

12"ABOVE TOP OF PIPE UNDISTURBED EARTH

SEE SECTION 3.7.18.2

21"

3'-8"

4'-4"

CITY ENGINEER

DATE: 9-8-78

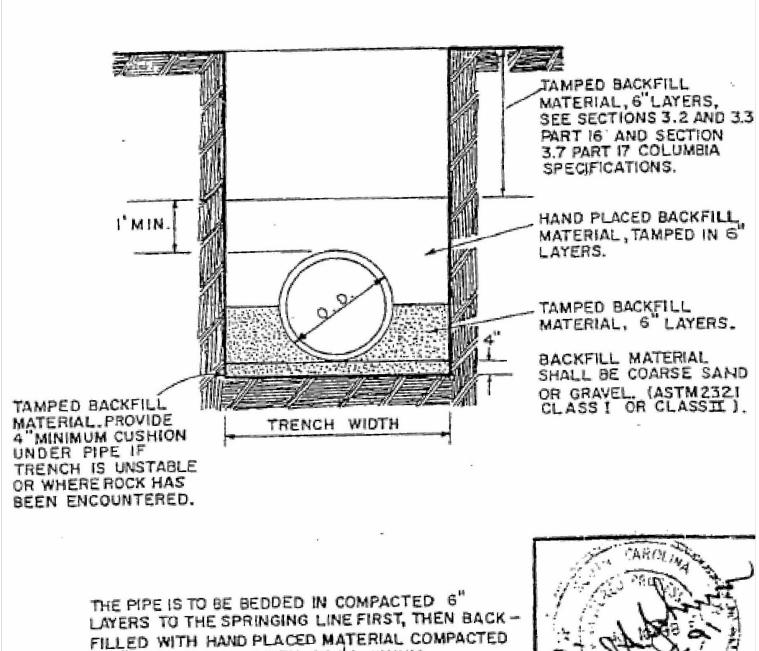
24"

4'-0"

4'-8"

SEE SECTION 3.7.18.2

SELECT BACK FILL MATERIAL



RESURFACE WITH

SAW CUT AFTER

BACKFILLED

BASE MATERIAL

SEE SCHEDULE

TYPICAL PERMANENT REPAIR SECTION ROAD PAVEMENT

FOR USE ONLY ON SECONDARY ROADS WITH LOW VOLUME OF TRAFFIC WHERE CONSTRUCTION IS GENERALLY PARALLELING THE CENTERLINE OF THE PAVING

MIN. TRENCH WIDTH SCHEDULE

PIPE SIZE 12" B 15"TO 21" 24"TO 30" 33"TO 54" 60" 8

TRENCH WIDTH 48:" 1.0.+36" 1.0 + 42:" 0.0 + 42" 0.0 + 48"

REVISED: 2-21-94 REVISED - 9/10/93 3

STANDARD PIPE BEDDING

AND BACKFILLING DETAIL

PVC PIPE

1.0.+24" | 1.0.+30 | 0.0.+30" | 0.0.+36"

AND EXISTING STREET DOES NOT HAVE CURB AND GUTTER

TYPICAL REPAIR SECTIONS

DEPARTMENT OF UTILITIES BENGINEERING DATE: 8-20-79 TOYZ

IN 6" LAYERS TO A DEPTH OF I'MINIMUM ABOVE THE PIPE, SEE SECTIONS 3.2 AND 3.3

BACKFILL.

DEPARTMENT OF UTILITIES AND ENGINEERING

(PART 16) AND SECTION 3.7 (PART 17) COLUMBIA SPECIFICATIONS FOR REMAINDER OF THE

TRENCH HAS BEEN

COMPACTED MACADAM BASE

ALL CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIALS SHALL BE IN

CITY OF COLUMBIA AND SCDOT STANDARD

ACCORDANCE WITH

SPECIFICATIONS.

TRENCH WIDTH VARIES

LEXISTING ASPHALTIC CONCRETEL

(SEE SCHEDULE).

WITH SELECT MATERIAL IN 6" LAYERS TO 95 %

(W/O SHORING)

EXISTING UNDISTURBED MATERIAL

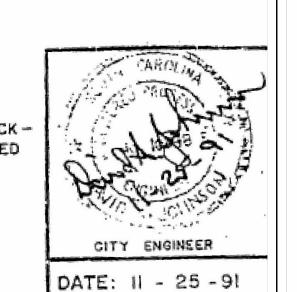
AASHTO DENSITY

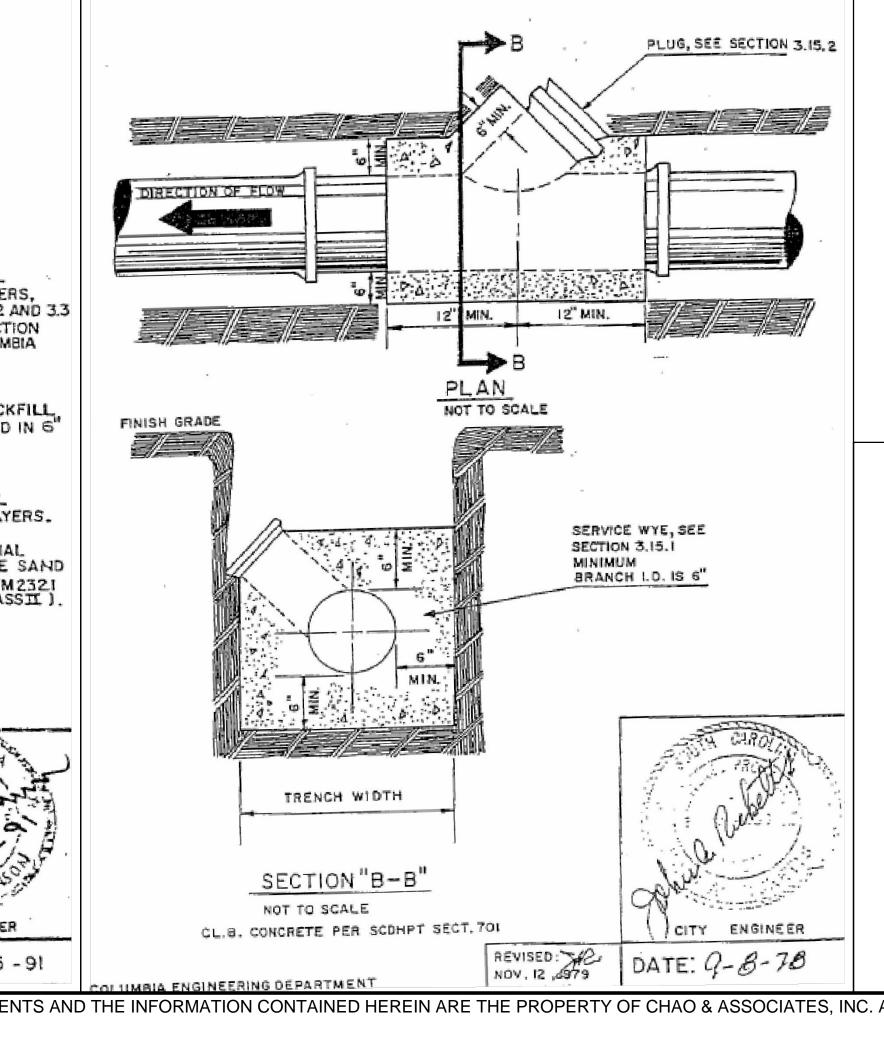
TRENCH TO BE BACKFILLED

NOT TO SCALE

150 SX ASPHALTIC

CONCRETE, TYPE I





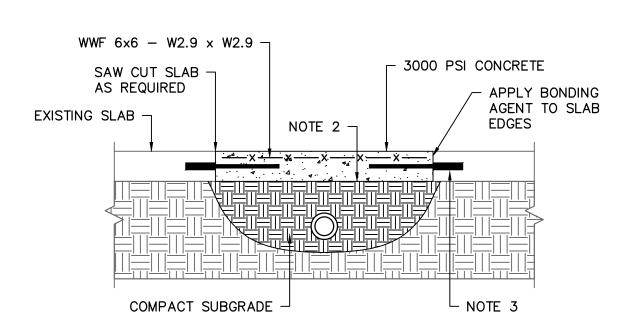
June 26, 2016

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. ALL WORK SHALL BE PERFORMED ACCORDING TO ALL LOCAL, STATE, NATIONAL CODES, AND THE 2015 INTERNATIONAL PLUMBING CODE.
- 2. THIS CONTRACTOR SHALL, PRIOR TO BIDDING, VISIT SITE AND DETERMINE SCOPE OF WORK AND POINTS OF CONNECTION FOR NEW WORK. VERIFY EXISTING INVERT
- 3. COORDINATE CLOSELY WITH ALL WORK DONE UNDER OTHER DIVISIONS OF THE PROJECT SCOPE TO AVOID INTERFERENCE AND CONFLICT.
- 4. DURING CONSTRUCTION, CONTRACTOR SHALL ARRANGE FOR TEMPORARY REMOVAL OF WASTE FROM PIPING SYSTEM THROUGH THE USE OF A TEMPORARY SUMP BASIN AND SUMP PUMP. DISCHARGE TO AN ACCEPTABLE LOCATION.
- 5. ALL NEW PIPING SHALL BE STANDARD DUCTILE IRON PIPE TO MATCH THAT INSTALLED UNDER THE CIVIL SCOPE OF WORK.
- 6. EXISTING INFORMATION TAKEN FROM OWNERS RECORD SET OF DRAWINGS DATED JULY 1971. ALL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE.

NOTES TO SHEET

- CUT DUCTILE IRON PIPE INSTALLED UNDER CIVIL SCOPE OF WORK FOR NEW FITTINGS REQUIRED TO CONNECT TO EXISTING SEWER LINES. RECONNECT DUCTILE IRON FITTINGS TO DUCTILE IRON PIPE WITH MECHANICAL JOINTS.
- CONNECTION POINT OF NEW TO EXISTING BETWEEN DUCTILE IRON AND CAST IRON PIPE. UTILIZE TRANSITION GASKET WITH MECHANICAL JOINT FITTINGS AT JOINTS. PROVIDE CHANGE IN ELEVATION AS REQUIRED.



NOTES:

1. SEE THE DRAWINGS OF ALL OTHER DISCIPLINES FOR AREAS
WHERE EXISTING SLABS MUST BE CUT. REPAIR CUT AREAS AS

SHOWN ABOVE.

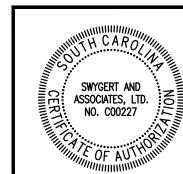
2. PROVIDE NEW VAPOR RETARDER OVER COMPACTED SUBGRADE AND LAP AND SEAL TO EXISTING WATERPROOFING.

3. AT SIDES OF SLAB REPAIRS WIDER THAN 2'-0", PROVIDE 12" LONG #4 DOWELS @ 24" O.C. DRILL AND EPOXY GROUT 4" INTO

EXISTING SLAB.

SLAB PATCH DETAIL

NO SCALE











APPROXIMATE LOCATION AND SIZE OF CONCRETE REMOVAL UNDER THE CIVIL SCOPE OF WORK. CONTRACTOR SHALL

BACKFILL WITH SUITABLE SOIL AND

PER THE DETAIL.

EXISTING 4" CAST

EXISTING 4" CAST

IRON SEWER LINE

IRON SEWER LINE

└ 6" DUCTILE IRON

LINE INSTALLED

UNDER CIVIL SCOPE

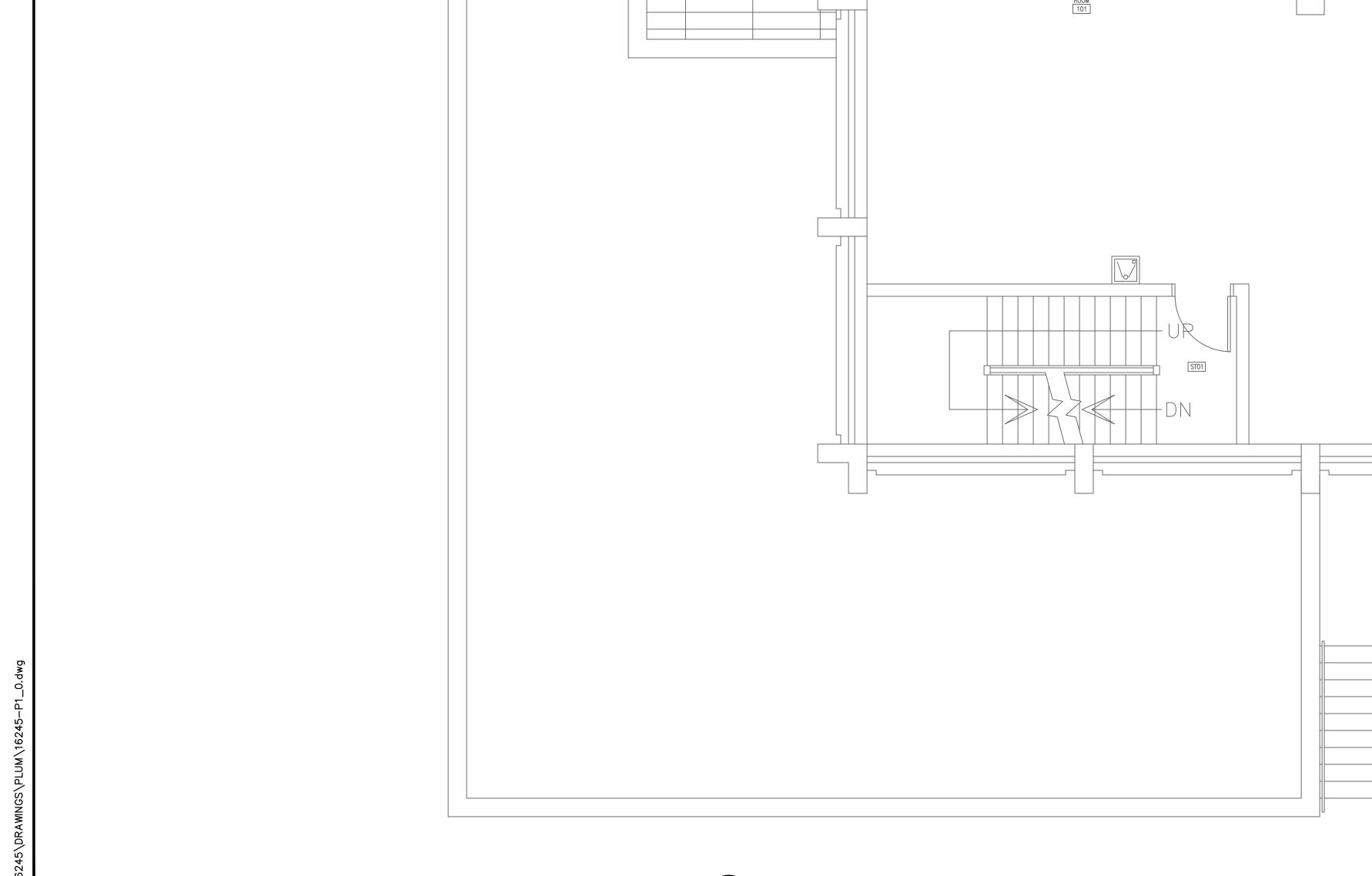
THOROUGHLY TAMP. PATCH CONCRETE

└ EXISTING 6" CAST

IRON SEWER LINE

EXISTING 3" CAST

IRON SEWER LINE



└ 6" DUCTILE IRON

LINE INSTALLED

UNDER CIVIL SCOPE