FAFSA SIMPLIFICATION ACT

(The form is simplified...the new requirements for federal student aid administration are not)



HOW DID THIS HAPPEN?

The FAFSA Simplification Act was passed in 2021 and was amended via the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2022, with provisions designed to be implemented across multiple aid years. 2024-25 brings the final, and most complicated, changes.



WHAT CHANGES ARE ALREADY IN PLACE?

- Beginning with the 2021-22 Award Year, elimination of limitations on student eligibility related to Selective Service registration and drug convictions, described in <u>DCL GEN-21-04</u>
- Beginning with the 2021-22 Award Year, elimination of the subsidized usage limitations on eligibility for Direct Loans, described in <u>Electronic Announcement EA ID</u>: <u>DL-21-04</u>
- Beginning with the 2023-24 Award Year, changes to the statutory definition of cost of attendance (COA), professional judgment requirements, determinations of independence, application process for unaccompanied homeless youth and foster care youth, and Pell Grant lifetime eligibility restoration described in <u>DCL GEN-22-15</u>
- Beginning with the 2023-24 Award Year, elimination of the ban on Pell Grant eligibility for confined or incarcerated individuals, described in DCL GEN-23-05



WHAT ARE THE CHANGES AHEAD?

- Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) structure
- Expected Family Contribution (EFC) calculation replaced by the new Student Aid Index (SAI)
- Pell Grant eligibility formula
- Others



FREE APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (FAFSA)

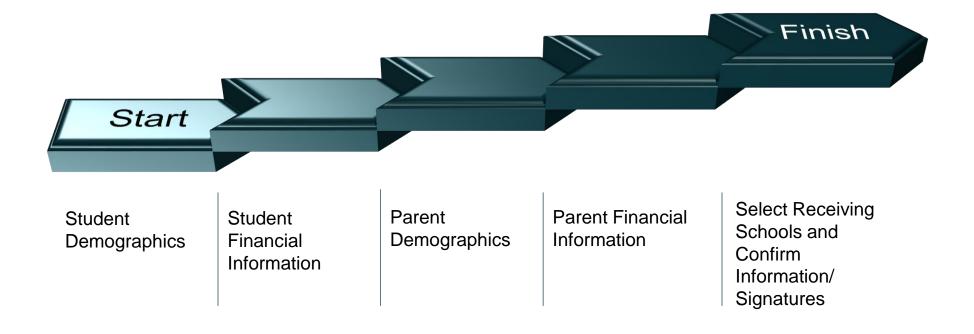


FREE APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL STUDENT AID (FAFSA)

- Reduced number of questions from 108 to 36
- Now structured for "contributors" rather than a one-time completion
- Can now be sent to a maximum of 20 schools
- IRS Data sharing agreement much more robust, with consent required to be considered for Title IV aid.

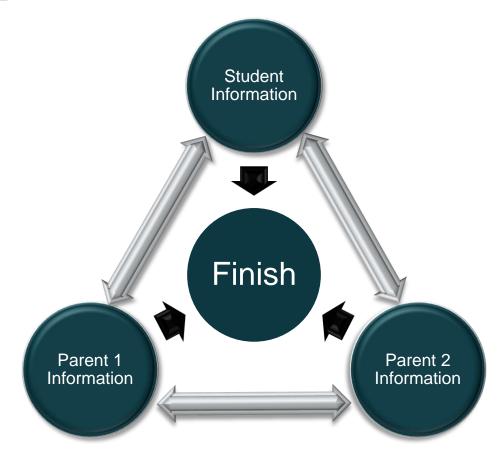


CURRENT FAFSA SEQUENCE DEPENDENT STUDENT





FAFSA SEQUENCE FOR 2024-25 DEPENDENT STUDENT







Major Changes

- Removal of the number of family members in college from the eligibility calculation
- The possibility for an SAI to be a negative number, with a minimum SAI of -1,500 instead of zero
- Elimination of the Simplified Needs Test (SNT) and Auto-Zero calculations, which have been replaced with similar calculations



Dependent Student Formula

EFC =	(Parents' Contribution from Income and Assets ÷ Number in College) + Student's Contribution from Income + Student's Contribution from Assets
SAI =	Parents' Contribution from Income and Assets + Student's Contribution from Income + Student's Contribution from Assets

Independent Student Formula

EFC =	(Student's Contribution from Income + Student's Contribution from Assets) ÷ Number in College
SAI =	Student's Contribution from Income + Student's Contribution from Assets



Expected Family Contribution (EFC)	Student Aid Index (SAI)
 AGI (tax filers) or income earned from work (non-tax filers) Deductible payments to SEP/SIMPLE/KEOGH/Other Tax-exempt interest Untaxed portions of IRA distributions and pensions (excluding rollovers) Payments to tax-deferred pension and retirement savings plans Child support received Housing, food, and other allowances paid to members of the military, clergy, and others Veterans noneducation benefits Other untaxed income Money received by or paid on your behalf (student income only) 	Income AGI Deductible payments to SEP/SIMPLE/KEOGH/Other Tax-exempt interest Untaxed portions of IRA distributions and pensions (excluding rollovers) Foreign income exclusion



Expected Family Contribution (EFC)	Student Aid Index (SAI)
Allowances Against Income	Allowances Against Income
 Taxable college grant and scholarship aid reported as income Education credits U.S. income tax paid (or foreign equivalent) Income protection allowance Employment expense allowance Taxable earnings from need-based employment Social security tax allowance Child support paid Combat pay or special combat pay Cooperative education employment earnings State and other tax allowance 	 Taxable college grant and scholarship aid reported as income Education credits U.S. income tax paid (or foreign equivalent) Income protection allowance Employment expense allowance Federal Work-Study Payroll tax allowance



Expected Family Contribution (EFC)	Student Aid Index (SAI)
Contribution from Assets	Contribution from Assets
 Cash, savings, and checking Net worth of investments, including real estate (excluding primary residence) Adjusted net worth of business and/or farm (excluding family farms or businesses with fewer than 100 full-time employees) 	 Cash, savings, checking, time deposits, and money market funds Net worth of investments, including real estate (excluding primary residence) Adjusted net worth of business and/or farm Annual child support received
Allowances against Assets	Allowances against Assets
Education savings and asset protection allowance	Asset protection allowance

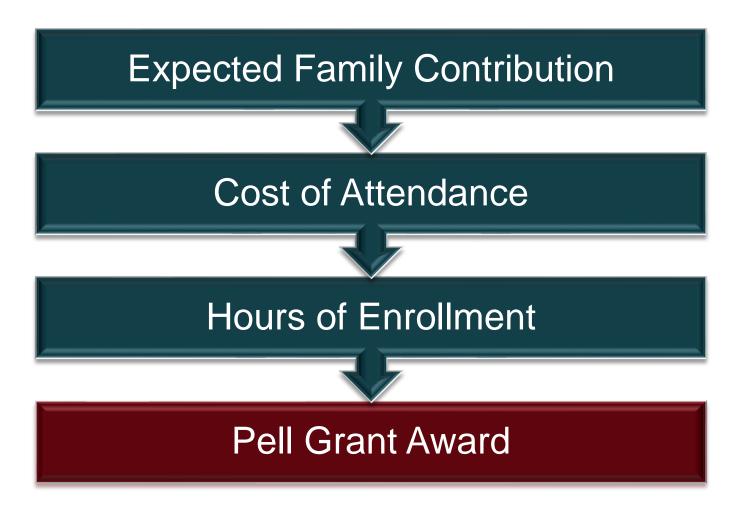


PELL GRANT ELIGIBILITY



PELL GRANT

Current Eligibility Determination

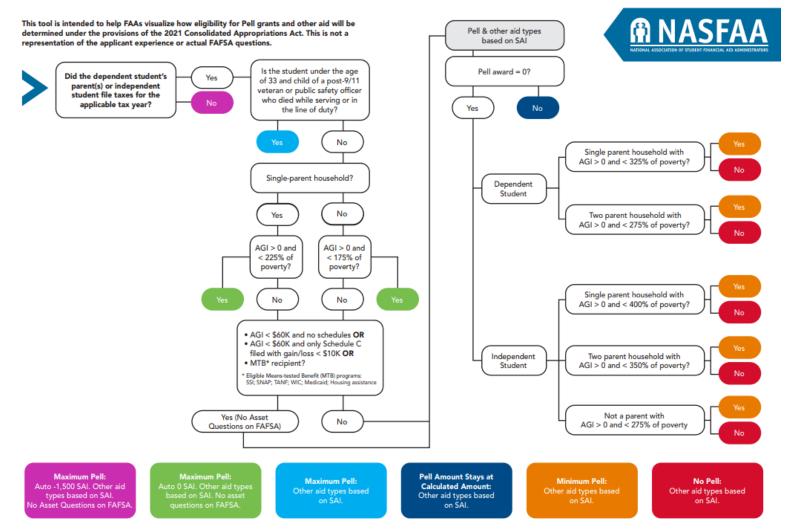




FAFSA SIMPLIFICATION PELL GRANT ELIGIBILITY AND SAI PROCESS FLOW EFFECTIVE 2024-25 FAFSA

PELL GRANT

New Eligibility Determination

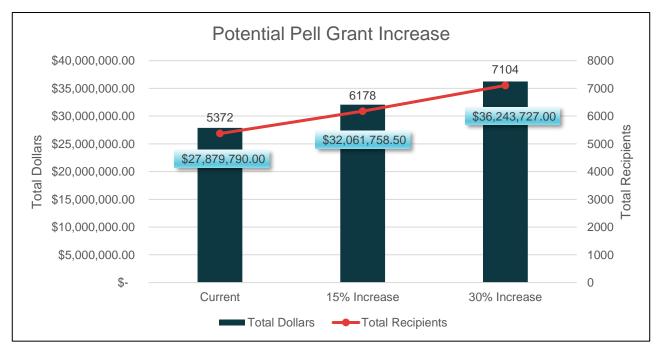




PELL GRANT INCREASE?

Most models indicate that Pell Grant awarding will increase by 15-30%. However, these are models based on numerous assumptions. We should take this as information, but not

necessarily fact.





2024-25 AID YEAR TIMELINE (SUBJECT TO CHANGE)



2024-25 FAFSA Live

2024-25 Aid Year System Configuration (Banner, SSC, Data Warehouse, etc.)

Load 2024-25 FAFSAs

Award 2024-25 Aid







THANKS!

